Phytoplankton dominant species in the Gulf of Finland on 17.8.2016

Sirpa Lehtinen, SYKE Marine Research Centre 18.7.2016

Amount of phytoplankton has decreased in the Alg@line sampling points FM16 and FM22 (map below). The non-N₂-fixing cyanobacterium Oscillatoriales spp. is very abundant especially in the sampling point FM16. *Nodularia spumigena* is almost absent.

Opening of the Gulf of Finland (FM16)

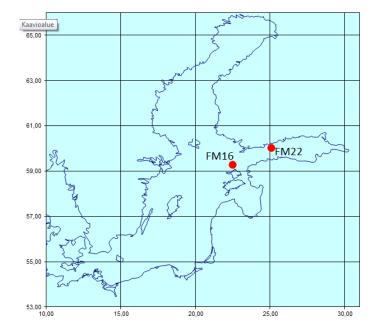
Oscillatoriales spp.

Aphanizomenon flosaquae
Phalacroma rotundatum
Dinophysis acuminata
Peridiniales spp.
Snowella spp.

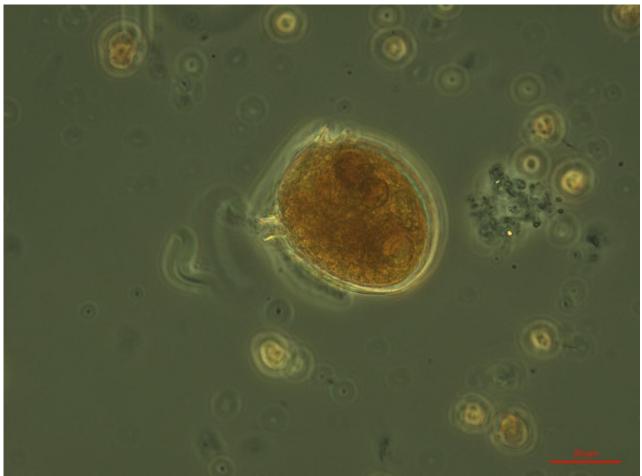
Surface temperature 17,5°C, chl a 4,9 μ g/l.

Gulf of Finland, in front of Helsinki (FM22)

Aphanizomenon flosaquae Oscillatoriales spp. Dinophysis acuminata Heterocapsa triquetra Peridiniales spp. Snowella spp.



Surface temperature 17,1 °C, chl a 6,9 μg/l.



Heterotrophic dinoflagellate *Phalacroma rotundatum* (earlier called as *Dinophysis rotundata*) was quite common especially in the sampling point FM16, which is situated in the opening of the Gulf of Finland. Photo: Sirpa Lehtinen/SYKE Marine Research Centre.